

WATERCYCLE

Watersystem & Urban Watercycle

12 June 2025

Hogeschool Van Hall Larenstein

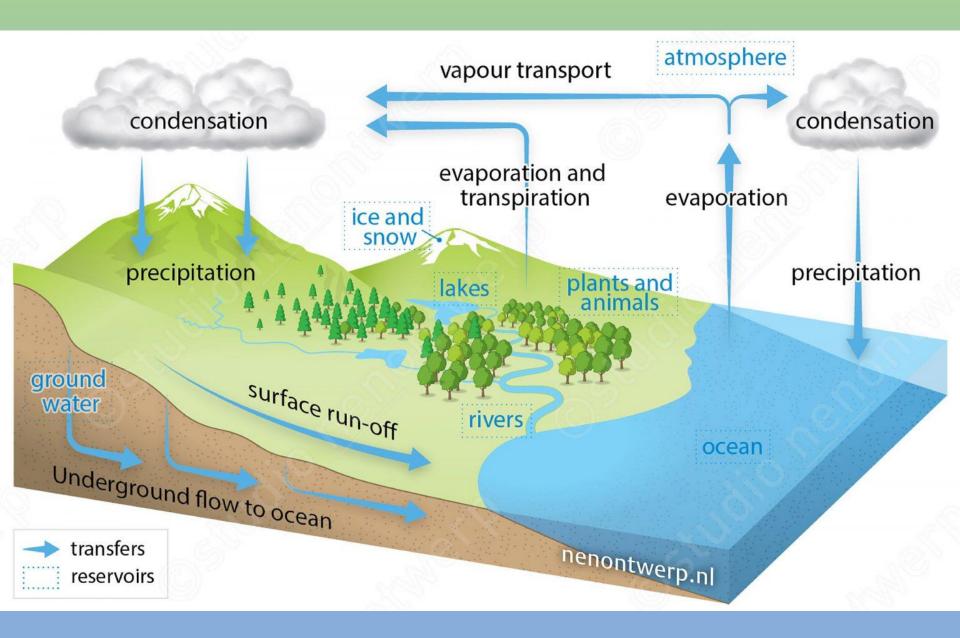
Lecturer Watermanagement

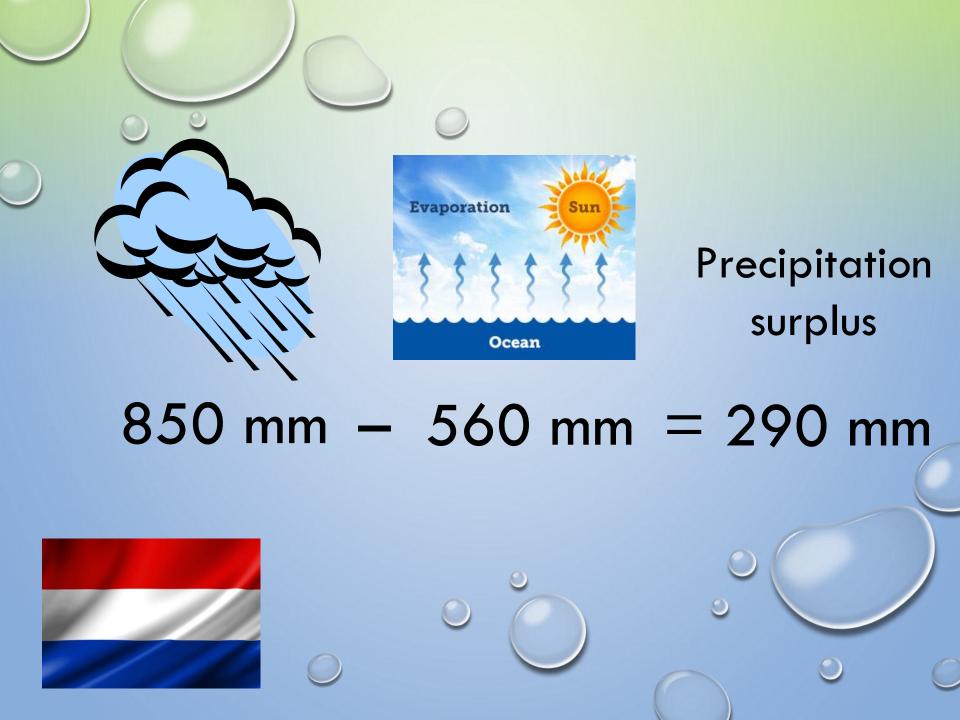


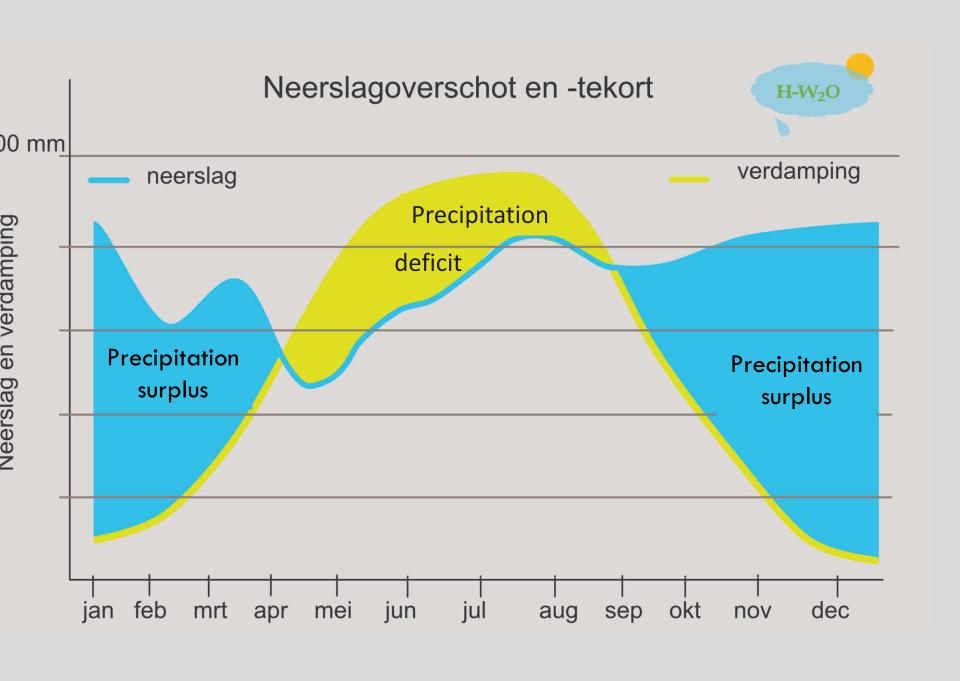
Content:

- √ Watercycle
- ✓ Watersystem
- ✓ Urban watercycle

Watercycle









Precipitation deficit

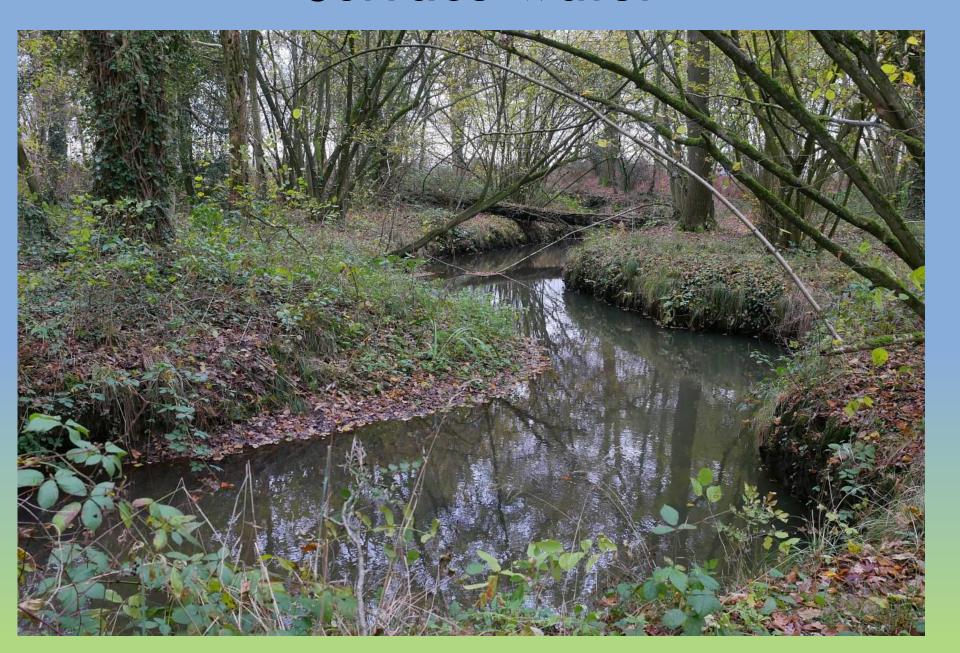
450 mm - 1400 mm = -950 mm



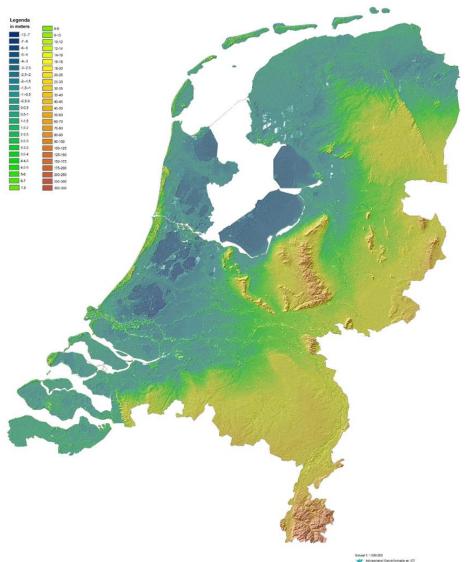




Surface water



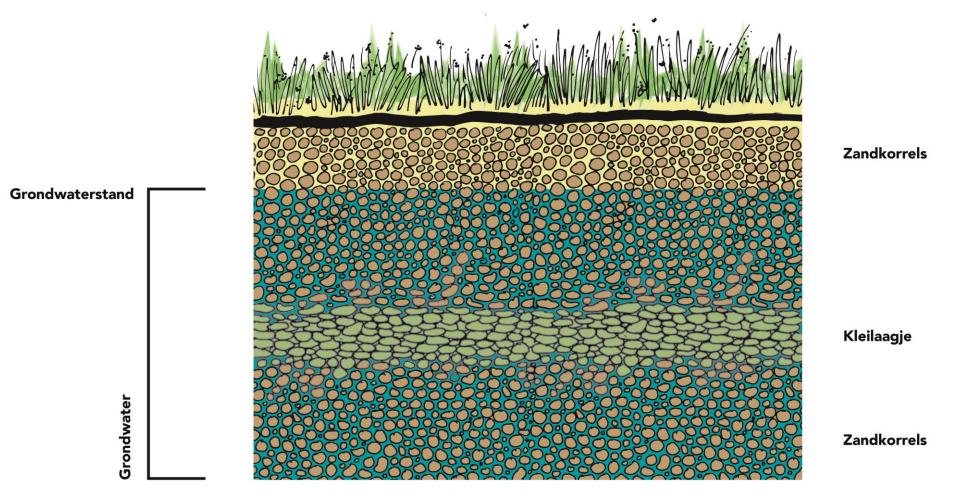
Actueel Hoogtebestand Nederland (AHN) met reliëf-schaduwwerking





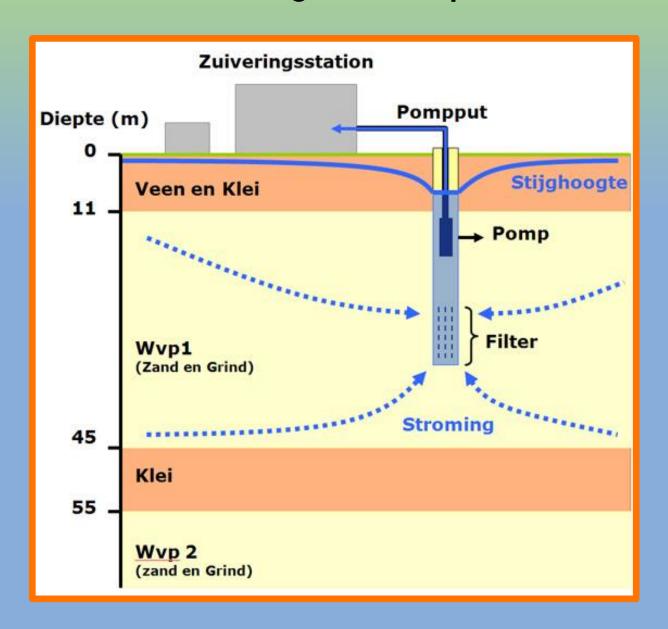
PUMPINGSTATION Polder WEIR

Groundwater



Water in the pores between the soil particles

Location drinking water production



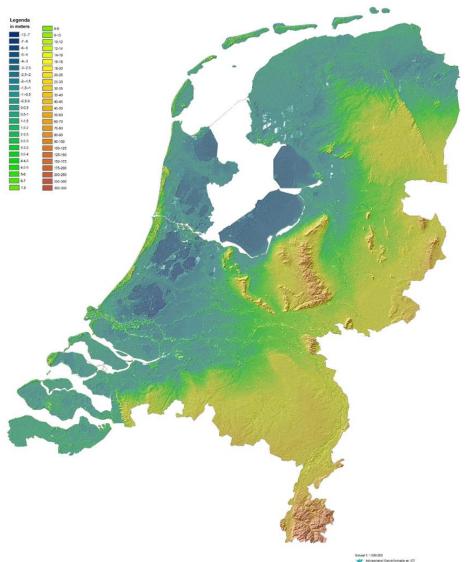
Example:

van hall larenstein university of applied sciences

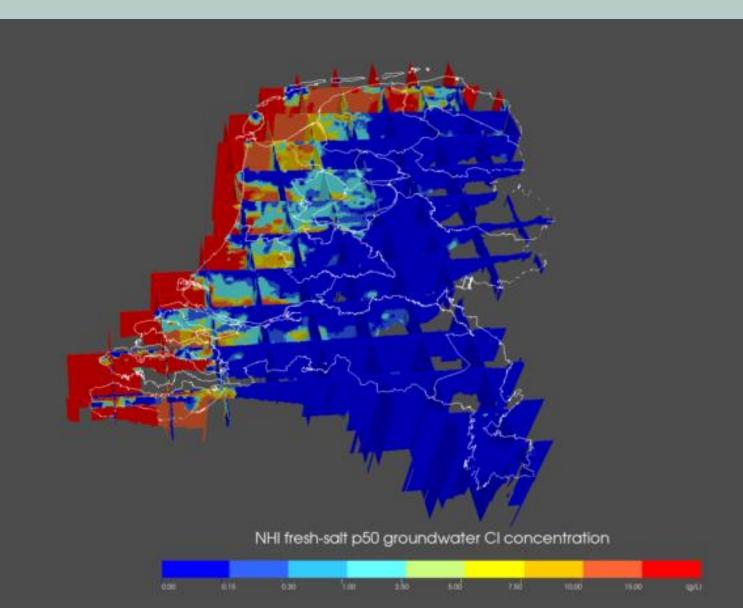
Drinking water plant Spannenburg



Actueel Hoogtebestand Nederland (AHN) met reliëf-schaduwwerking



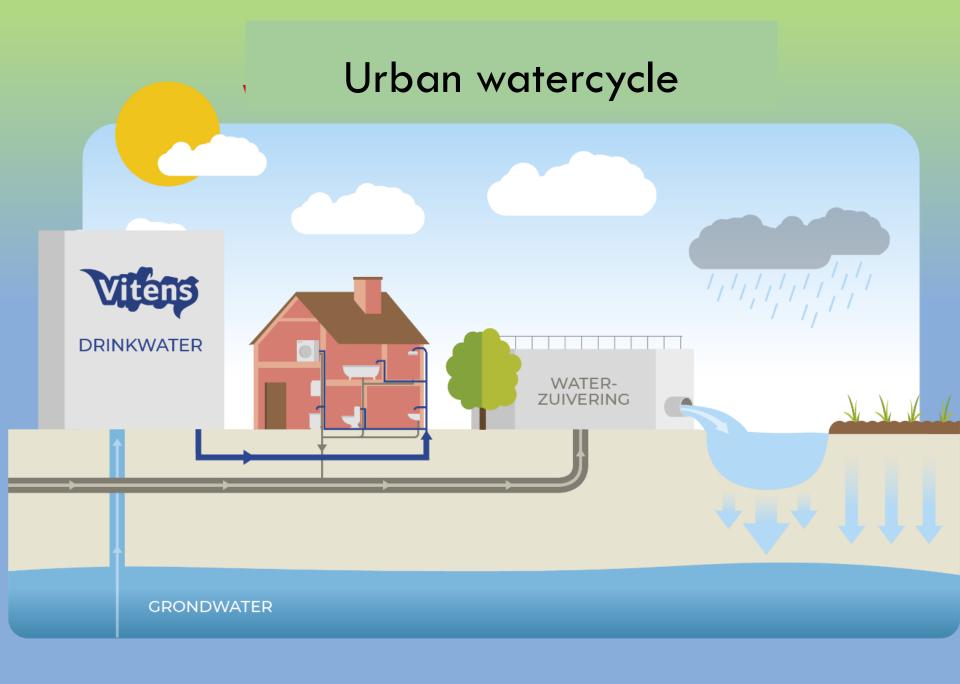




Overzichtskaart distributiegebieden drinkwaterbedrijven, bronnen, innamepunten en hoeveelheden gewonnen water (2018)



Er zijn in totaal 221 winningen², waarvan 187 grondwaterwinningen, 9 oppervlaktewaterwinningen, 14 oevergrondwaterwinningen en 11 infiltratiewinningen (incl. natuurlijk duinwater).

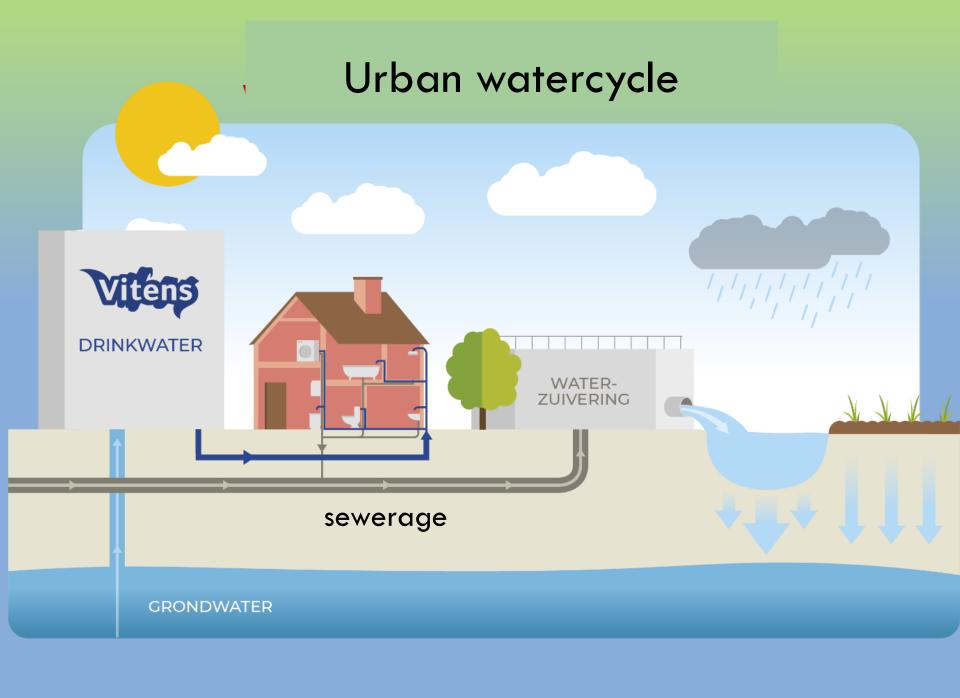




134 liters per day

- ✓ Showering 50 liters (37%)
- √ Toilet 30 liters (22%)
- ✓ Washing 18 liters (13%)
- √ Laundry 17 liters (13%)
- √ Other 19 liters (14%)



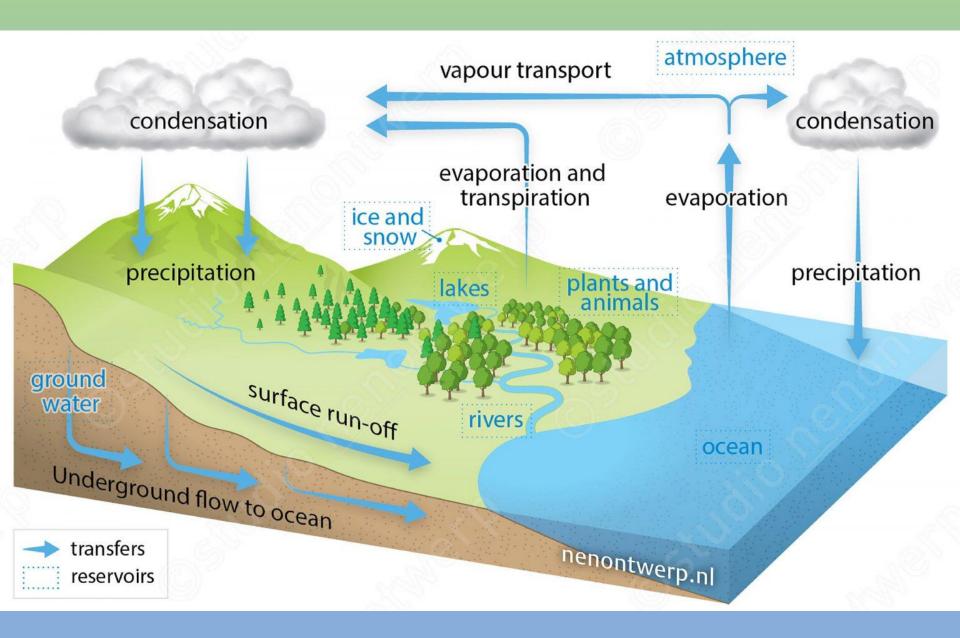


Sewage treatment plant

Back in the watersystem!



Watercycle



Climate change

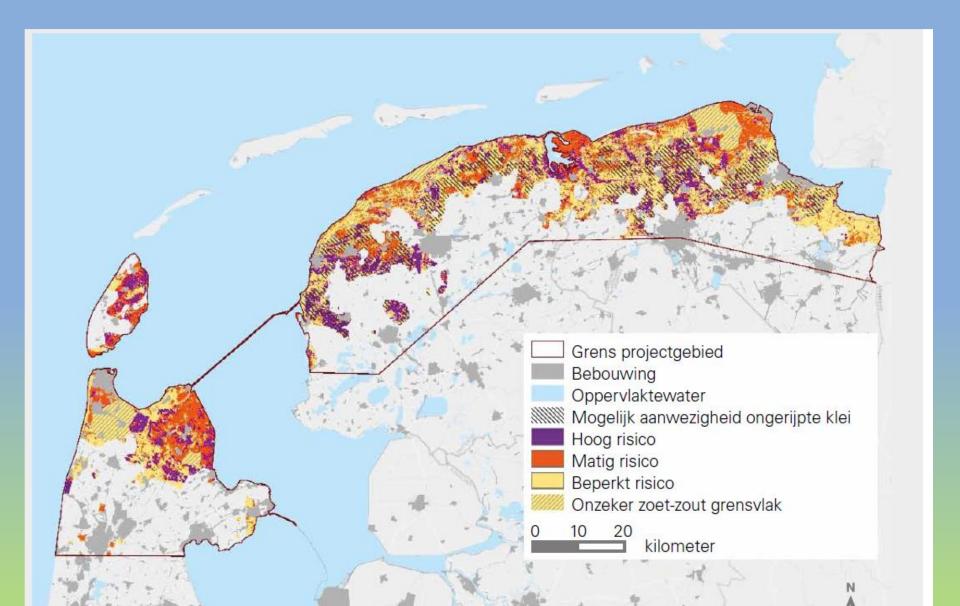
- Increasing precipitation autumn/winter (2050: 3 17%)
- greater shower intensity (higher moisture content: 3 7%)



More drought during the growing season



Increase in salinity 2050



Questions?